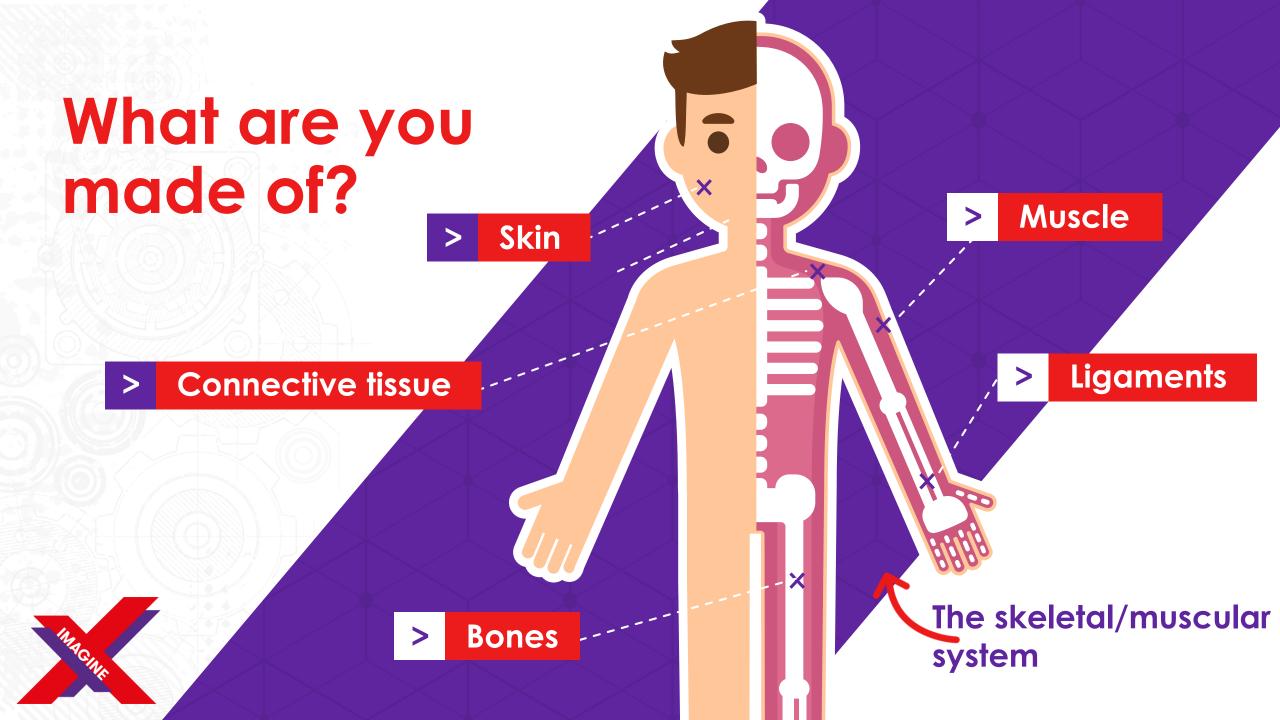


Helping Hands, Making Hands

Primary Biomechanical Engineering Lessons 1 & 2

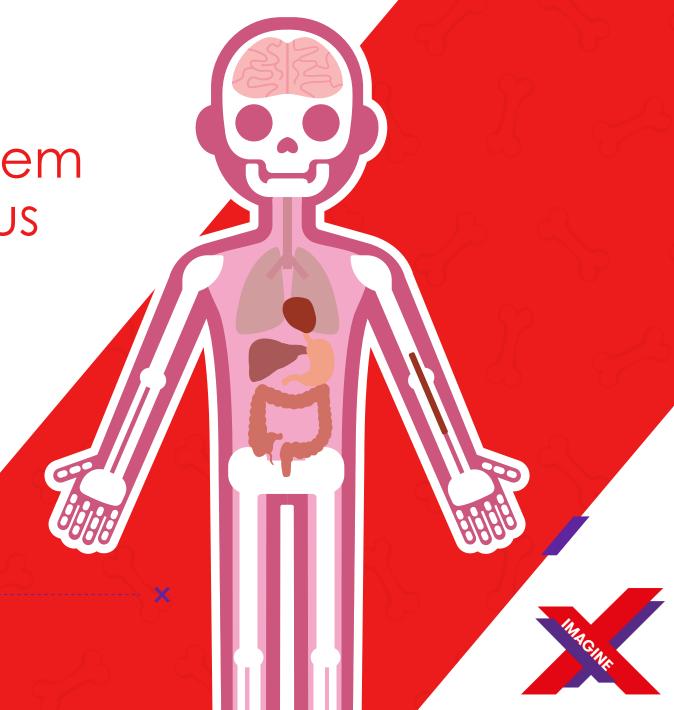
an RS Components Imagine-X resource





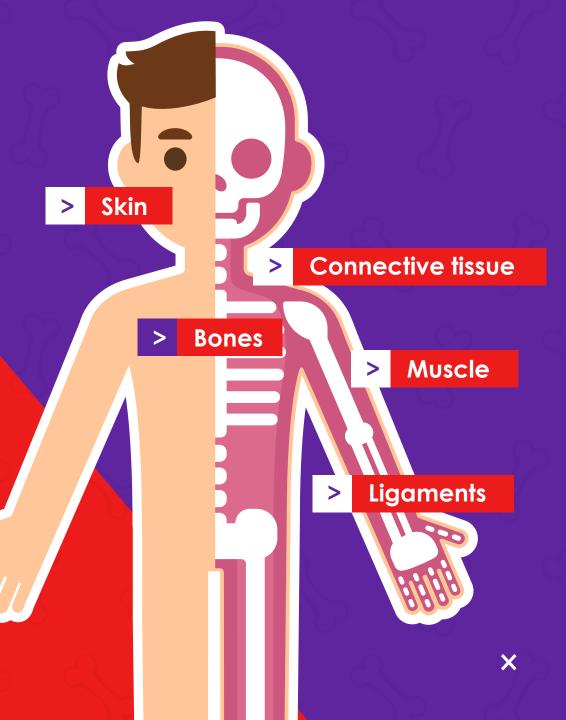


- For support (keeps our bodies together)
- For protection (keeps our organs safe)
- For movement (makes our bodies move)



What does each thing do?

- SKINProtective, supportive
- BONESProtective, supportive, movement
- MUSCLEMovement
- CONNECTIVE TISSUE
 Supportive
- LIGAMENTSMovement





How our bodies MOVE

Today we're looking at...





TIME TO STANK INACINE







I NEED MY ARMS TO....

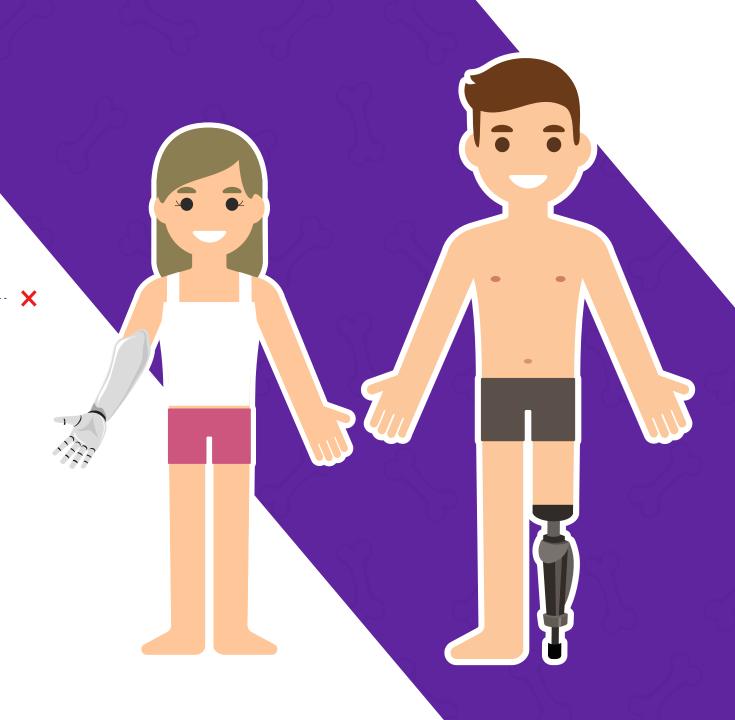


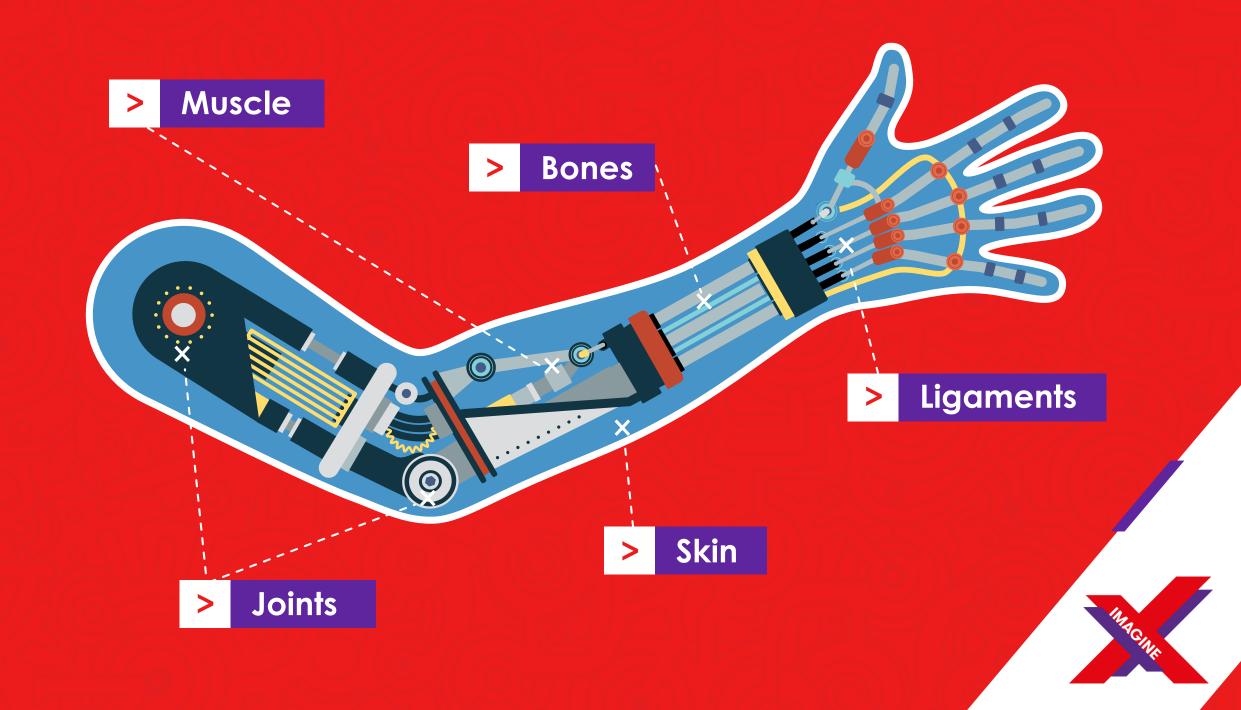
[Play intro video for biomechanical engineering]



A prosthetic is...

- An artificial or 'fake' body part
- Used in place of a missing biological or 'real' body part
- Sometimes can be used to fill the function of a missing, or damaged body part





Think about &

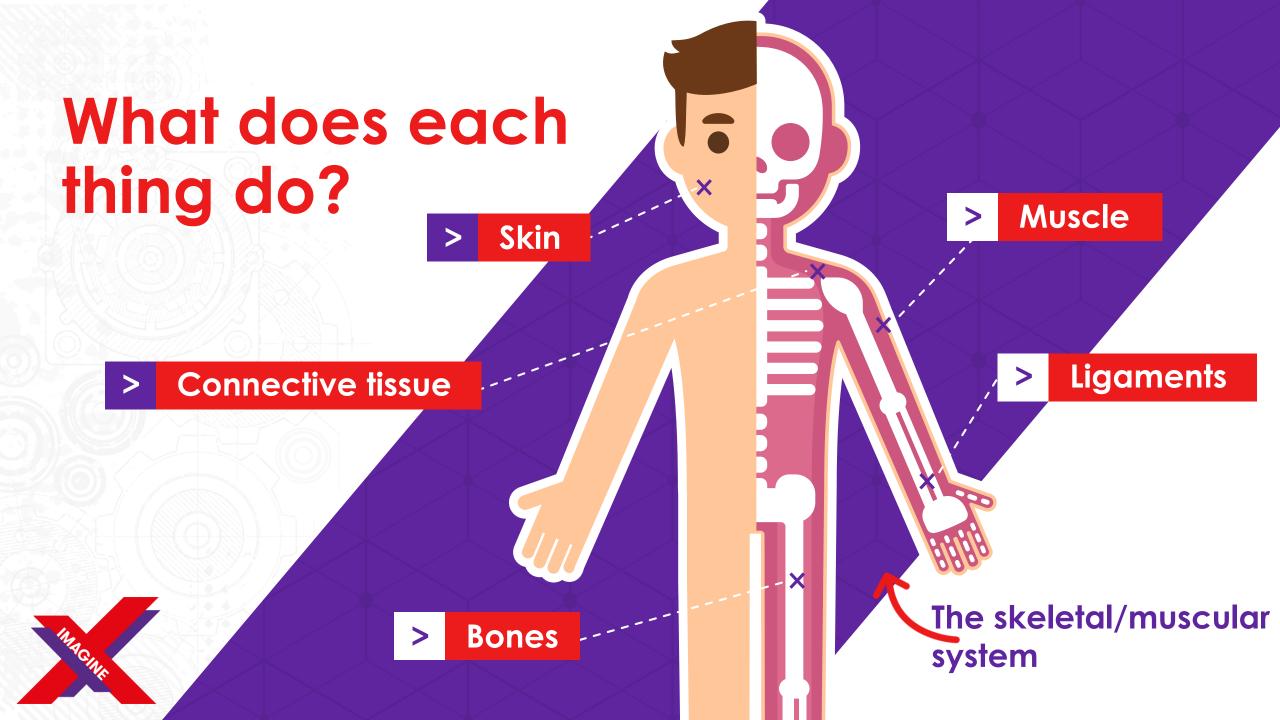


HOW DOES MY×

* HOW DOES MY







A 'joint' is...

- A structure in the body
- They are where the pieces of your skeleton fit together
- -80% of them can move
- They support movement





Find out...

How many joints are there in your arm and hand?

What type of joints are they?

- Single direction
- Multi direction
- Ball joints
- Fixed





BONES

Lightweight metal such as titanium or aluminium alloy

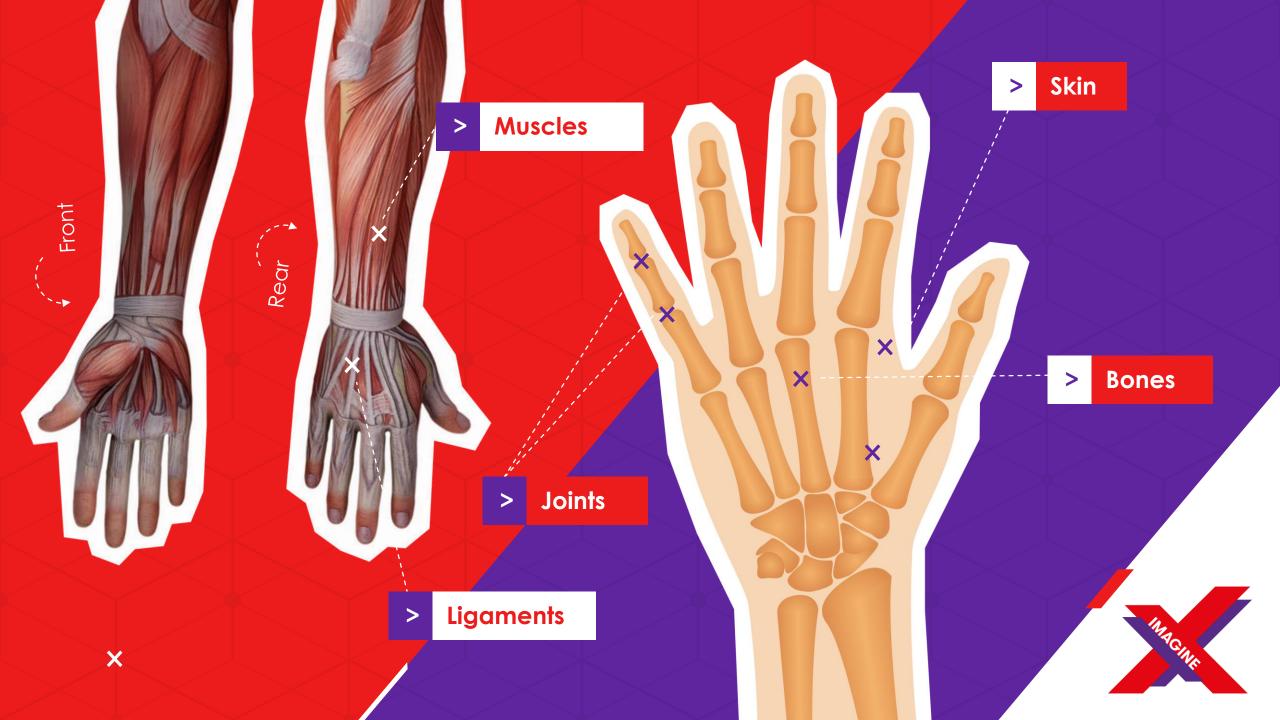
LIGAMENTS AND MUSCLES

Plastics such as polyurethane and carbon fibre

SKIN

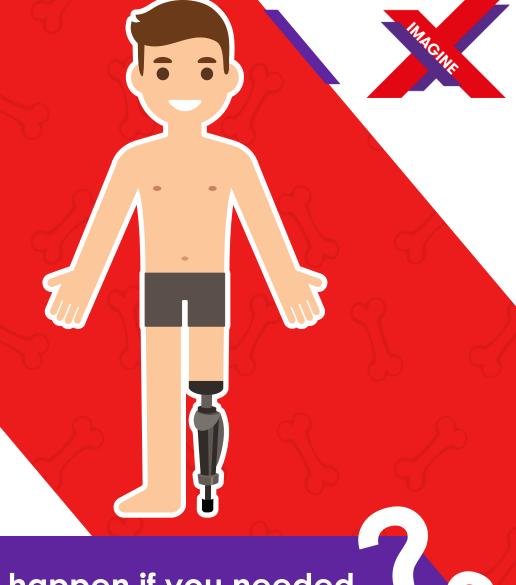
Foam or material





Why are prosthetics important?

- Better conduct of day-to-day activities (eating, gaming, dressing, etc.)
- Help people lead 'normal' lives
- Good for self confidence and body image
- Increase mobility (moving around without help)



... what would happen if you needed a prosthetic, but didn't have one?





IMETOIMEINE



... can you think of ways to make it easier for babies and children to get access to prosthetics?



